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APPLICATION NO.	FILING [DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/792,181	03/02/2004		Dirk Trossen	882.0008.U1(US)	4930
29683	7590	10/20/2006		EXAMINER	
HARRINGT		NGUYEN, HUY D			
4 RESEARCH DRIVE SHELTON, CT 06484-6212				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				2617	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Asticus O	10/792,181	TROSSEN, DIRK					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Huy D. Nguyen	2617					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. sely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 Ju	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 June 2006.						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
·							
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16 and 18-44</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16 and 18-44</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<u> </u>		4.00					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	o-(d) or (f).					
a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	• •						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	•	ed in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau	` ' ' '						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies not receive	ed.					
Attachment(s)							
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Notice of Information Patent Application							
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	atom reprioriti					

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DETAILED ACTION

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 5/30/2006 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-9, 16, 19-24, 31-38, 41-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tamaki et al. (US 2003/0054796 A1) in view of Dahan et al. (US 2004/0123118 A1).

Regarding claims 1-2, 16, 31, 35, 41, 43, Tamaki et al. teaches a method to provide a service for a user device with a service provider, comprising: establishing a service provisioning relationship between the user device and a bridging user device through a first wireless network; providing a desired service for the user device (e.g., end user terminal 111-113, see figure 3) with the service provider via the bridging user device (e.g., terminal 115-117, see figure 3) and the first wireless network (e.g., adhoc network), and through a second wireless network (e.g., cellular network) that couples the bridging user device to the service provider; while providing

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the service, recording charging data for the service provisioning relationship between the user device and the bridging user device; and reporting the charging data from the bridging user device to the service provider (see figures 3 & 5 and paragraphs [0031-0033], [0035]). Tamaki et al. does not teach the use of trusted software. However, trusted software has been known in the art as taught in Dahan et al. (see paragraph [0011]). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the teaching of Dahan et al. to the teaching of Tamaki et al. to improve security for the network.

Regarding claim 3, Tamaki et al. teaches the method as in claim 1, where the first wireless network comprises a local, short range wireless network, and where the second wireless network comprises a longer range wireless network (see figure 3 and paragraphs [0031-0033]).

Regarding claims 4, 19, Tamaki et al. teaches the method as in claim 1, where the first wireless network comprises a wireless local area network (WLAN), and where the second wireless network comprises a cellular wireless network (see figure 3 and paragraphs [0031-0033]).

Regarding claims 5, 20, Tamaki et al. teaches the method as in claim 1, where the first wireless network comprises a Bluetooth network, and where the second wireless network comprises a cellular wireless network (see figure 3 and paragraphs [0031-0033]).

Regarding claims 6, 21, 32, 36, 42, 44, Tamaki et al. teaches the method as in claim 1, where establishing includes negotiating the specifics of charging for the service provisioning relationship between the user device and the bridging user device (see figures 3 & 5 and paragraphs [0031-0033], [0035]).

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Regarding claims 7, 22, Tamaki et al. teaches the method as in claim 1, where recording charging data uses at least one charging metric that is negotiated between the user device and the bridging user device when establishing the service provisioning relationship (see figures 3 & 5 and paragraphs [0031-0033], [0035]).

Regarding claims 8, 23, Tamaki et al. teaches the method as in claim 1, where recording charging data accounts at least for the use of the second wireless network by the bridging user device (see figures 3 & 5 and paragraphs [0031-0033], [0035]).

Regarding claims 9, 24, Tamaki et al. teaches the method as in claim 1, where recording charging data accounts at least for the consumption of at least one resource (e.g., repeater function) of the bridging user device (see figures 3 & 5 and paragraphs [0031-0033], [0035]).

Regarding claims 33, 37, Tamaki et al. teaches the mobile device as in claim 32, where said specifics of charging comprise use of said second wireless network by said another device (see figures 3 & 5 and paragraphs [0031-0033], [0035]).

Regarding claims 34, 38, Tamaki et al. teaches the mobile device as in claim 32, where said specifics of charging comprise use of at least one resource (e.g., repeater function) of said another device (see figures 3 & 5 and paragraphs [0031-0033], [0035]).

4. Claims 10-11, 25-26, 39-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tamaki et al. in view of Dahan et al. and in further view of Kirkup et al (US 2004/0142686 A1).

Regarding claims 10-11, 25-26, 39-40, the combination of Tamaki et al. and Dahan et al. teaches the claimed invention except reporting occurs periodically while the service is being provided. However, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to have reporting

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occur periodically while the service is being provided since the invention would perform equally well regardless of when the reporting occurs.

5. Claims 12-13, 27-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tamaki et al. in view of Dahan et al. and in further view of Sakakura (Document ID: JP 2002209028 A).

Regarding claims 12-13, 27-28, the combination of Tamaki et al. and Dahan et al. teaches the claimed invention except the credential information wherein the credential information comprises an identification of the user. However, the preceding limitation is taught in Sakakura (see the abstract). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the teaching of Sakakura to the teaching of Tamaki et al. and Dahan et al. for security purpose.

6. Claims 14, 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tamaki et al. in view of Dahan et al., Sakakura (Document ID: JP 2002209028 A) and in further view of Piazza et al. (US 2003/0061358 A1).

Regarding claims 14, 29, the combination of Tamaki et al., Dahan et al., and Sakakura teaches the claimed invention except the information that identifies the user is encrypted. However, the preceding limitation is taught in Piazza et al. (see paragraphs [0025], [0138]). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the teaching of Piazza et al. to the teaching of Tamaki et al., Dahan et al., and Sakakura to increase network security.

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7. Claims 15, 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tamaki et al. in view of Dahan et al., Sakakura (Document ID: JP 2002209028 A) and in further view of Von Kaenel et al. (US 2004/0117358 A1).

Regarding claims 15, 30, the combination of Tamaki et al., Dahan et al., and Sakakura teaches the claimed invention except the charging record for the session is uniquely identified based on a session identifier. However, the preceding limitation is taught in Von Kaenel et al. (see paragraphs [0974], [1032]). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the teaching of Von Kaenel et al. to the teaching of Tamaki et al., Dahan et al., and Sakakura to properly charge the user and to provide network security.

Contact Information

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Huy D. Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-7845. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph H. Feild can be reached on 571-272-4090. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

W

Huy D Nguyen Patent Examiner Art Unit 2617